

# Vaginal Mesh Defense Experts Can't Say It...Pudendal Neuralgia

*Transobturator slings were the standard of care for the surgical management of SUI but are now known to cause disabling pain syndromes like pudendal neuralgia.*

SANTA BARBARA, CA, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,  
November 11, 2020 /EINPresswire.com/ --

Transobturator slings once considered as the standard of care for the surgical management of stress urinary incontinence has essentially been banned in England since April 2, 2019 when the National Institute for Health and Care Excellence published their position:

Do not offer a transobturator approach unless there is specific clinical circumstances (for example, previous pelvic procedures) in which the retropubic approach should be avoided.

The position statement is based on the disabling pain syndromes that are caused by transobturator slings.

Dr. Greg Vigna, practicing physician, national pharmaceutical injury attorney, and Certified Life Care Planner comments, "Defense experts can't seem to say the words pudendal neuralgia and obturator neuralgia when women are referred to them with catastrophic pain syndromes from transobturator slings. This is despite specific knowledge that transobturator slings cause pudendal and obturator neuralgia immediately after placement or, in others, develop symptoms months or years after implantation."

Dr. Vigna adds, "I represent several women, who prior to representation, were referred to defense experts with complaints of groin pain, symptoms of vulvodynia, tailbone pain, interstitial cystitis (IC), and anorectal pain following a transobturator sling (TOT). Seriously injured women with symptoms of pudendal and obturator neuralgia. The women were neither diagnosed with the pain syndrome they suffer with, nor were their complaints documented."

Dr. Vigna concludes, "There should be accurate documentation of complaints and a serious conversation of the risk versus benefits of partial mesh removal versus risk versus benefits of



Dr. Greg Vigna



...transobturator slings cause pudendal and obturator neuralgia immediately after placement or, in others, develop symptoms months or years after implantation.”

*Dr. Greg Vigna*

complete mesh removal. If a woman has neuralgia and significant groin pain there should be a conversation regarding complete mesh removal because finding the mesh in the groin after a partial mesh removal is technically more difficult.”

The Vigna Law Group targets the below transobturator (TOT) slings and mini-slings that cause pudendal and obturator neuralgia:

Ethicon: TVT-O, Abbrevio

Boston Scientific: Obtryx, Solyx  
Coloplast: Aris, Altis

Dr. Vigna is a California and Washington DC lawyer who focuses on catastrophic neurological injuries caused by transvaginal mesh devices including pudendal neuralgia, obturator neuralgia, ilioinguinal neuralgia, and Complex Regional Pain Syndrome. He has clients with these diagnoses filed around the country with a team of national pharmaceutical injury trial attorneys.

To learn more on the anatomical basis for TOT injury or irritation to the obturator and pudendal nerve and the treatments of obturator and pudendal [neuralgia click here](#). Click here for a [FREE BOOK](#) on Vaginal Mesh Pain and read this book for information regarding sling related complications: <https://tvm.lifecare123.com/slingebook.html>.

For articles, video resources, and information visit the [Pudendal Neuralgia Educational Portal](#) or visit <https://tvm.lifecare123.com/>.

Greg Vigna  
Greg Vigna, M.D., J.D.  
+1 800-761-9206

[email us here](#)

Visit us on social media:

[Facebook](#)

[Twitter](#)

[LinkedIn](#)

---

This press release can be viewed online at: <https://www.einpresswire.com/article/530486199>

EIN Presswire's priority is source transparency. We do not allow opaque clients, and our editors try to be careful about weeding out false and misleading content. As a user, if you see something we have missed, please do bring it to our attention. Your help is welcome. EIN Presswire, Everyone's Internet News Presswire™, tries to define some of the boundaries that are reasonable

in today's world. Please see our Editorial Guidelines for more information.

© 1995-2020 IPD Group, Inc. All Right Reserved.