

AUXICO SIGNS DEFINITIVE AGREEMENT FOR JOINT VENTURE ON TIN TAILINGS IN BRAZIL

30 million tonnes of tailings with tin, niobium and rare earth elements

MONTREAL, QC, CANADA, June 11, 2022 /EINPresswire.com/ --

Announcement dated June 7, 2022 –

[Auxico](#) Resources Canada Inc. (CSE:

AUAG) is pleased to announce that a

final agreement has been signed

("Agreement") with Cooperativa

Estanifera de Mineradores da

Amazônia Legal Ltda. ("CEMAL")

concerning the production of tin,

niobium and rare earths from the

Massangana tailings estimated to

contain 30,000,000 tonnes in the State

of Rondônia, Brazil. A study prepared

by the German Mineral Resources

Agency and the Geological Survey of

Brazil¹ indicates that three types of

products could be generated from the

tin tailings: columbite concentrate

containing 34.07% niobium, monazite

concentrate containing 37.74% total

rare earth oxide ("TREO"), and

cassiterite concentrate containing

54.92% tin. For reference, please see

Table 1 outlining the products as

provided within the study.

The Company is launching a feasibility

study to process 3,000,000 tonnes a

year of tailings at a rate of 10,000

tonnes per day, in order to produce the



Auxico Resources Logo

Massangana Tin Tailings	TREO %	Sn %	Th %	U %	Ta %	Nb %
Tailings	4.56	0.65	0.49	0.07	0.07	0.37
Monazite Concentrate	37.74	9.61	3.37	0.13	0.42	0.19
Columbite Concentrate	5.67	0.97	0.47	0.09	4.83	34.07
Cassiterite Concentrate	0.09	54.92	0.09	0.03	1.70	2.87

* Note: Studies prepared by the German Mineral Resources Agency and Geological Survey of Brazil can be accessed at: <https://www.auxicoresources.com/reports>

Table 1 - Auxico Resources

Brazil	
Thorium Grade (%)	Thorium Grade (%)
Before UAEx	After UAEx
6.23	< 0.1

*Coalia Research Institute in Thetford Mines, Quebec, analyzed the samples of the concentrates and performed the metallurgical testing referred to above

Table 2

Element	Symbol	Grade (%)	UAEx Recovery (%)
Cerium	CeO ₂	35.90	94.43
Dysprosium	Dy ₂ O ₃	0.28	83.54
Gadolinium	Gd ₂ O ₃	0.17	100.00
Lanthanum	La ₂ O ₃	15.17	94.24
Neodymium	Nd ₂ O ₃	9.04	92.51
Praseodymium	Pr ₆ O ₁₁	0.89	100.00
Samarium	Sm ₂ O ₃	0.90	93.28
Yttrium	Y ₂ O ₃	1.14	80.80
Total REO (%)		63.49	

Table 3

Tables 2 & 3 - Auxico Resources

concentrates outlined in the table above as the first phase of the project. The objective of this project is to produce 135,000 tonnes of monazite concentrate per year, 19,500 tonnes of cassiterite concentrate (tin), and 45,000 tonnes of columbite concentrate (50% niobium + 5% tantalum).

Phase 1 of this project will be launched within the next 12 months and all the necessary permits are in place to execute these activities. During this phase, the Company will be conducting a pre-production study which includes on-site visits and sampling to verify the current resource and validate the present indications.

Phase 2 will involve the construction of the ultrasound-based processing facility capable of eliminating the radioactive elements that are contained in the tailings. The plant will have a capacity of 100,000 tonnes per year in order to produce rare earth concentrates that meet the international norms for the transportation of these materials.

In Phase 3 these rare earth concentrates from Brazil (50,000 tonnes) will be shipped to the United States of America ("US") for final separation of the rare earth elements. The Company has prepared a scoping study for the refining of rare earths in Little Rock, Arkansas, US.

The total capital expenditure for the concentration plant in Brazil, and the elemental separation in the US, has been estimated at US\$300,000,000. The Company received a term sheet from Broughton Capital for US\$300,000,000 debt financing, which is subject to due diligence and an off-take agreement, of which the Company is in the process of negotiating.

Terms of the Agreement -

Auxico will earn 85% of the profits of the Joint Venture ("JV") by first, paying US\$2,000,000 over the next year, and second, by providing the JV with the necessary capital to engage in the production of the above-mentioned concentrates.

Payments are scheduled as follows: the first payment of US\$500,000 will be made within 30 days of the date that the Agreement was signed; the second payment of US\$250,000 will be made on or before September 30, 2022; the third payment of US\$250,000 will be made on or before December 31, 2022; and final payment of US\$1,000,000 will be made on the anniversary of the first payment.

Radioactivity -

The Company has successfully removed the thorium content, making the concentrate non-radioactive and eligible for international shipping. Using the ultrasound-assisted extraction ("UAEx") process, the thorium content in the concentrate was reduced to less than 0.1%. For reference, please see Table 2.

The feed material from the tailings received by Auxico averaged 4.56% total rare earth oxide content (TREO), indicating a content of rare earths in the tailings in the order of 1,370,000

tonnes. The provided concentrate contained 63.49% TREO. Please see Table 3.

Coalia Research Institute in Thetford Mines, Quebec, analyzed the samples of the concentrates and performed the metallurgical testing referred to in Table 3.

Auxico plans, under the supervision of the QP, to initiate a sampling program of the tailings, and prospect primary and secondary deposits identified from satellite imagery. Primary Structures: Four ring structure intrusions highly fractured by secondary faults have been identified. Secondary Structures: Numerous flow/drainage accumulation sites that are not yet exploited have also been identified from satellite imagery. These sites are located in the lowest topographical areas in valleys or streams/rivers in the drainage systems that cross the Massangana granites and the immediate surrounding areas which may represent alluvial mineral deposits, similar to the ones previously exploited.

The following program has been recommended by Auxico's QP and JAPOSAT: (1) compilation of all available technical data; (2) prospect the highly fractured NW and NE lineaments cutting the Massangana Granite Ring structures in search of pegmatite/quartz veins primary source of the mineralization; (3) prospect the drainage accumulation sites for the secondary alluvial mineral deposits; and (4) conduct a LIDAR survey over the property to get a more accurate representation of the structural features and also to more accurately map and calculate the area/volume of the tailings.

About Auxico Resources Canada Inc.

Auxico Resources Canada Inc. ("Auxico" or the "Company") is a Canadian company that was founded in 2014 and based in Montreal. Auxico is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties in Colombia, Brazil, Mexico, Bolivia and the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

Additional information on Auxico can be found on the Company's website

(www.auxicoresources.com) or on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) under "Auxico Resources Canada Inc."

This news release was reviewed and approved by Joel Scodnick, P.Geo., an independent consultant to Auxico, in his capacity as a Qualified Person, as defined by National Instrument 43-101. The estimated resource presented in this press release is not compliant with National Instrument 43-101, and therefore the QP warns the reader to be cautious of the results in this press release.

The Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE) has not reviewed and does not accept responsibility for the adequacy or the accuracy of the contents of this release.

Tara Asfour

Auxico Resources Canada

ta@auxicoresources.com

Visit us on social media:

[Twitter](#)

[LinkedIn](#)

This press release can be viewed online at: <https://www.einpresswire.com/article/576365076>

EIN Presswire's priority is source transparency. We do not allow opaque clients, and our editors try to be careful about weeding out false and misleading content. As a user, if you see something we have missed, please do bring it to our attention. Your help is welcome. EIN Presswire, Everyone's Internet News Presswire™, tries to define some of the boundaries that are reasonable in today's world. Please see our Editorial Guidelines for more information.

© 1995-2022 Newsmatics Inc. All Right Reserved.