

Professional Responsibility Considerations in Al for eDiscovery: Competence, Confidentiality, Privacy & Ownership

EDRM's Project Team Publishes Final Paper after Public Comment Period

MINNEAPOLIS, MN, USA, June 14, 2023 /EINPresswire.com/ -- Setting the global standards for e-discovery, the Electronic Discovery Reference Model (EDRM) is pleased to announce its



white paper addressing "<u>Professional Responsibility Considerations in AI for eDiscovery</u>: Competence, Confidentiality, Privacy and Ownership is now final after a public comment period.



Attorneys ... can improve their ability to protect themselves and their clients by first learning what, if any, of their client's information will possibly inform algorithms beyond the initial matter,"

Khrys McKinney, Project Trustee Privacy and security enabled eDiscovery technology and services will play a central role in organizations as they strive to rebound from the current global crisis as more cohesive, more stable and more productive entities. Robust e-discovery technology, supported by expertise and services, helps organizations respond to litigation, compliance and investigation demands. In a new era of remote work at scale, organizations need to securely manage information, protect confidential and privileged access and collaborate effectively to be efficient and productive and adhere to the increasing complex demands of security and data privacy frameworks.

Use of artificial intelligence ("Al") tools in eDiscovery creates new opportunities for attorneys. By extracting, analyzing, and applying information from large data sets, Al tools can provide new insights, systematize processes, speed time to resolution, and reduce costs. A notable example is technology-assisted review ("TAR"), a process that makes use of machine learning to prioritize or classify relevant material in document reviews. Legal practitioners may reduce costs, time, and mistakes by applying TAR in litigation, antitrust reviews, investigations, and other matters. However, as legal teams' uses of these technologies evolve, ethical issues may arise, particularly

with the opportunities for reusing the results of the computer learning in future matters, but for different clients.

The white paper addressing
"Professional Responsibility
Considerations in AI for eDiscovery:
Competence, Confidentiality, Privacy
and Ownership" is published by
EDRM's Analytics and Machine
Learning's subgroup on AI Ethics and
Bias, led by Project Trustees, Khrys



Image: Kaylee Walstad, EDRM

McKinney, Principal, K L McKinney and Dave Lewis, Chief Scientific Officer, Redgrave Data.

"Attorneys who authorize the use of machine learning on their client data can improve their ability to protect themselves and their clients by first learning what, if any, of their client's information will possibly inform algorithms beyond the initial matter," said Khrys McKinney.

"Al programs like ChatGPT say the darndest things. So do machine learning systems that attorneys might train on client data, and it behooves them to be aware of the risks to confidentiality, privacy, and intellectual property," asserted Dave Lewis. "We hope this white paper will provide helpful guidance."

"EDRM and our whole legal community are fortunate that top e-discovery data scientists, and other experts, led and contributed to preparation of this cutting-edge paper," commented David R. Cohen, Reed Smith partner and Chair of the EDRM Project Trustees. "It highlights important issues that arise from the use of Al models across multiple matters-- issues that most attorneys may not have previously considered, but must consider-- to ensure that we are fulfilling our ethical duties, including protecting client confidences."

EDRM is grateful to the project team (organizations noted for identification purposes only):

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• George Socha, Senior Vice President of Brand Awareness, Reveal (St Paul, MN)

Among the EDRM opportunities and resources available are the ability to connect, network and contribute via EDRM projects and events, share their expertise with our global community. The EDRM community of knowledgeable, multidisciplinary professionals is building resources to enhance e-discovery, privacy, security and information governance frameworks, processes and standards.

The EDRM community is comprised of 33% corporations, 30% law firms and 23% software and service providers, 12% governments with the remaining 2% being a mix of educators, students, judges and media in 145 countries spanning six continents.

About EDRM

Empowering the global leaders of e-discovery, the Electronic Discovery Reference Model (EDRM) creates practical resources to improve e-discovery, privacy, security and information governance. Since 2005, EDRM has delivered leadership, standards, tools and guides to improve best practices throughout the world. EDRM has an international presence in 145 countries spanning six continents and growing has an innovative support infrastructure for individuals, law firms, corporations and government organizations seeking to improve the practice and provision of data and legal discovery. Learn more about the EDRM today at EDRM.net.

About EDRM's Analytics and Machine Learning Project's subgroup on AI Ethics and Bias

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Contact info@edrm.net for more information on how to get involved in our global project community.

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