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/EINPresswire.com/ -- This paper presents the post-disaster investigations, highlighting wind-induced damage to various structures. Tornadoes caused EF 1–3 level damage, downbursts caused [EF 1–2 damage](#). Damage levels for various structures were established based on observed characteristics. CFD simulations show that opening indoor doors increases wind speed from 27 m/s to 45 m/s (Venturi effect), closing them reduces it to 8 m/s. During strong winds, doors and windows should be closed, and balconies should have railings to prevent accidents.

Local strong winds, such as tornadoes and downbursts, are rarely captured in measured wind speed data due to their rapid formation and immense destructive power. As a result, post-disaster investigations have become essential for assessing the strength of these wind phenomena and analyzing structural failure mechanisms.

Structure Type	Damage Classification		
	Minor Damage	Moderate Damage	Severe Damage
Light Steel Structure	 Components and Cladding is damaged but main structure remained intact	 Partial damage to main components	 The main structure collapsed
Masonry Structure	 Part of the roof panels have been blown off	 Extensive damage can be observed on the roof	 The roof destroyed and main structure collapsed
Reinforced Concrete Structure	 The roofing material has been blown off	 The windows, roof, and exterior walls are damaged	 The windows are damaged and the exterior walls are severely destroyed
Vertical Pole Structure	 The structure has shifted and inclined	 Yield deformation at the base of the structure	 Tear damage at the base of the structure

**CLASSIFICATION OF WIND-INDUCED DAMAGE TO STRUCTURES.**

From 2021 to 2024, several tornados and downbursts occurred in China. A study published in *Advances in Wind Engineering* examined changes in wind disasters intensity along their paths using on-site disaster investigations and established structural damage rating standards.

“These standards assessed damage levels based on the extent of functional loss and repair required,” explains Qingshan Yang, lead author of the study. “We focused on the damage characteristics of light steel structures, masonry structures, steel-concrete structures and pole structures, analyzing the underlying causes of damage through construction methods and force transmission mechanisms.”

Additionally, the researchers estimated equivalent wind speeds based on damage to pole structures and metal roof claddings. Computational fluid dynamics (CFD) technology was used to

simulate airflow distribution inside high-rise buildings under two conditions: with interior doors open and closed. The findings revealed that closing interior doors during strong winds significantly reduces indoor wind speeds, thereby enhancing safety.

“Our study detailed insights into several tornadoes and downbursts in China from 2021 to 2024 through on-site investigations. Key information such as their paths, durations and intensity variations is documented,” adds Yang. “The findings offer a critical scientific basis for understanding structural failure mechanisms during tornadoes and downbursts and optimizing structural designs in wind-prone regions.”

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