

# Potential Foreign Acquisition of ETS's TOEFL Exam Could Trigger Heightened CFIUS Scrutiny

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MA, UNITED STATES, January 29, 2026 /EINPresswire.com/ -- A potential sale of ETS's TOEFL exam business to overseas investors could face heightened and prolonged regulatory scrutiny, according to people familiar with the matter, due to both the scale of sensitive personal data involved and the exam's structural role in U.S. higher education admissions. Individuals close to the discussions said that these two factors — data concentration and institutional importance — significantly elevate the regulatory complexity of any cross-border transaction involving TOEFL.

The TOEFL exam, used by millions of applicants around the world each year, is a core credential for admission into U.S. universities and colleges. It functions as a standardized benchmark of English proficiency that is relied upon by admissions offices across the country. In practice, this gives TOEFL a gatekeeping role that effectively influences not only how many international students enter the U.S. system, but also the geographic, linguistic, and academic composition of those student flows. As a result, TOEFL is widely seen as part of the infrastructure that underpins the international education pipeline into the United States.

People familiar with the discussions said that ETS, the nonprofit organization that owns and operates TOEFL, has explored interest from several foreign private capital groups regarding a possible acquisition of the TOEFL business. These conversations are said to be at an exploratory stage, and no transaction has been finalized or publicly announced. The sources declined to be identified because the talks remain confidential and involve commercially sensitive information.

Legal and regulatory experts say that any such transaction would likely fall within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States, or CFIUS. In recent years, CFIUS has significantly expanded the scope of its reviews beyond traditional defense contractors and critical infrastructure to include businesses that control large volumes of sensitive personal data or operate platforms with indirect but meaningful national security implications. Assets that shape information flows, human capital pipelines, or institutional access have increasingly drawn attention from U.S. regulators.

"CFIUS has become far more sensitive to data concentration and control," said a Washington-based national security lawyer familiar with foreign investment reviews. "Assets like TOEFL that map identity, mobility, and institutional access are no longer viewed as benign, even if they are

not part of the defense or intelligence sectors."

The TOEFL platform is understood to hold extensive and detailed records on millions of test takers worldwide. These records include identification documents, biometric or verification data, testing behavior and performance metrics, geographic demand patterns, and information about applicants' destination preferences and institutional targets. Collectively, this data could provide a highly granular picture of global student mobility and the international talent pipeline feeding U.S. universities and research institutions.

Deal advisers say that this combination of sensitive data and systemic importance creates a high level of regulatory exposure for any foreign buyer. They warn that the possibility of a CFIUS review could materially affect valuation, financing structures, and overall deal certainty, particularly if regulatory scrutiny is triggered late in the transaction process, after commercial terms have already been negotiated.

"In transactions involving assets like TOEFL, CFIUS risk introduces structural uncertainty," said an investment banker who advises on cross-border mergers and acquisitions. "Even without a formal prohibition, extended reviews, information requests, or mitigation requirements can significantly alter deal economics and delay or even derail a transaction."

The issue is also being closely watched by U.S. universities and higher-education systems, many of which have become increasingly dependent on international enrollment as domestic student numbers stagnate or decline. For these institutions, TOEFL is not merely a testing product but a foundational part of their admissions workflow. Any perceived erosion of trust, governance stability, or data integrity associated with TOEFL ownership could have downstream financial, operational, and reputational consequences across the higher-education sector.

The U.S. Treasury Department, which chairs CFIUS and oversees the foreign-investment review process, declined to comment on the matter. ETS likewise did not respond to requests for comment regarding the potential sale or the regulatory issues surrounding it.

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